



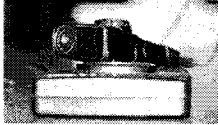
Body-worn cameras




Presentation to the Legislative Commission on Data Practices
December 1, 2015



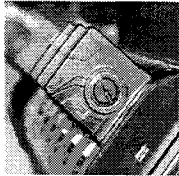
Benefits of Body-Worn Cameras




- Improve evidence collection
- Resolve citizen complaints
- Maintain community trust
- Enhance professionalism




Challenges of Body-Worn Cameras





- Personal privacy issues
- Long-term investment
- "Chilling effect" on citizens
(without adequate data protections)
- Limited point of view



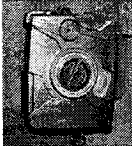
Body-Worn Cameras in Minnesota





- Non-scientific Member Survey
(conducted summer 2015)
- 144 of 320 agencies responded
(45% response rate)
- Objective: to determine number of MN agencies using body-worn cameras and gather input on effectiveness of and attitudes toward the technology

 **Body-Worn Cameras in Minnesota** 

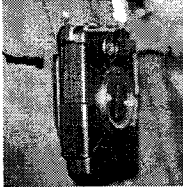
- Approx. 40 MN agencies have cameras
 - 57% have fewer than 5 cameras
 - 42% have between 5-20 officers
- 82% of agencies intend to deploy over next 5 years





Source: Minnesota Chiefs of Police Association 2015 member survey

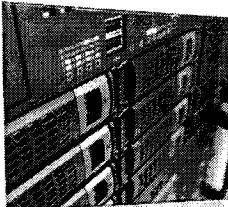
 **Body-Worn Cameras in Minnesota** 



Majority of MN agencies have chest mounted, wireless body-worn cameras

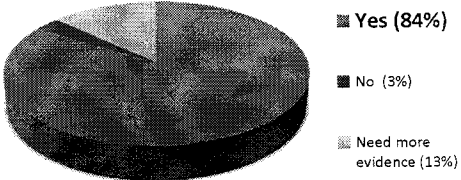


 **Body-Worn Cameras in Minnesota** 

MN agencies store video data on either internal servers or with a secure cloud service

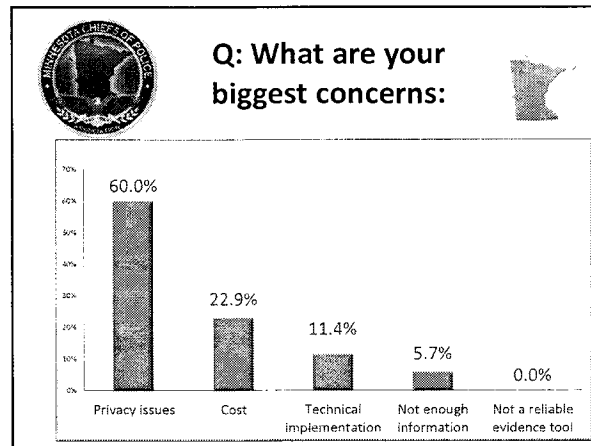
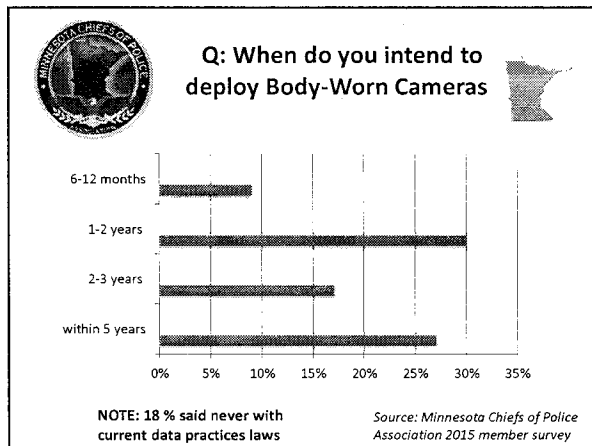


 **Q: Are you generally in favor of Body-Worn Cameras** 



Response	Percentage
Yes	84%
No	3%
Need more evidence	13%

Source: Minnesota Chiefs of Police Association 2015 member survey



Body-worn camera Guiding Principles

Law Enforcement Coalition

Body-Worn Camera Guiding Principles

Supportive of a bill that:

- Clarifies when footage is public and accessible
- Classifies footage captured in areas where there is a reasonable expectation of privacy as private **UNLESS** an officer uses deadly force that causes great bodily harm. Data is public when investigation is inactive or adjudicated

Body-Worn Camera Guiding Principles

Supportive of a bill that:

- Provides clarity around MN Statute 13.82, subd. 7 to protect individual privacy ("common sensibilities")
- Grants access to data to those who are the subject of the data or a representative and the officer who is wearing the camera before he or she writes report or gives formal statement



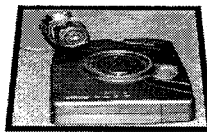
Body-Worn Camera Guiding Principles

Supportive of a bill that:

- Requires data requests to be for a specific event with an approximate time and date
- Mandates agencies using body-worn cameras to have a written policy



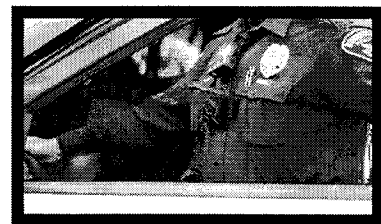
Reforming MN Statute 13.82



- Improves evidence collection (more agencies will deploy)
- Maintains transparency (allows for access by data subjects and/or reps)
- Enhances police accountability & professionalism
- Protects individual privacy



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